

# European Congress on Renewable Energy and Sustainable Development #  
# November 16-17, 2023, in Rome, Italy #

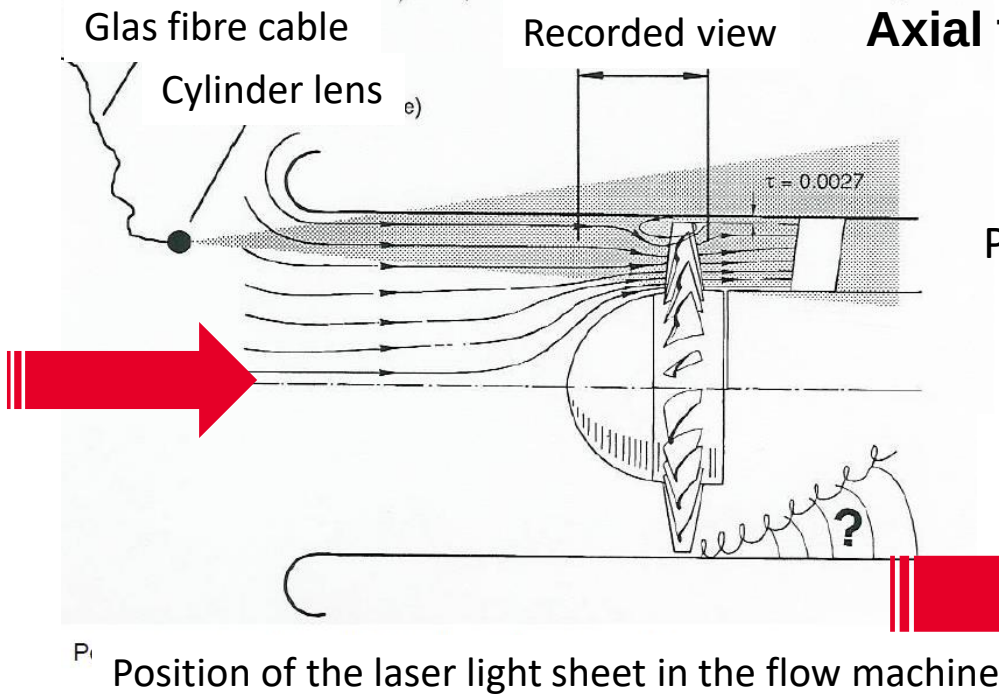
## Blade tip vortex noise of wind turbines and infrasound



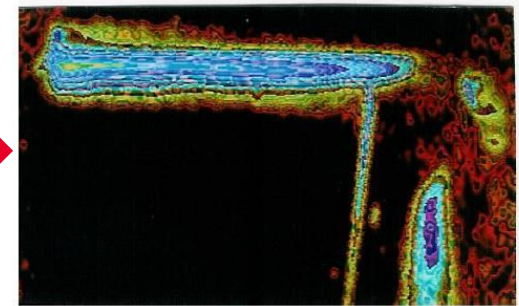
<https://www.dlr.de/content/de/artikel/energie/forschungsthemen/windenergie.html>

Frank Kameier # Professor for Fluid Mechanics and Acoustics

# Axial fan – experimental flow visualisation

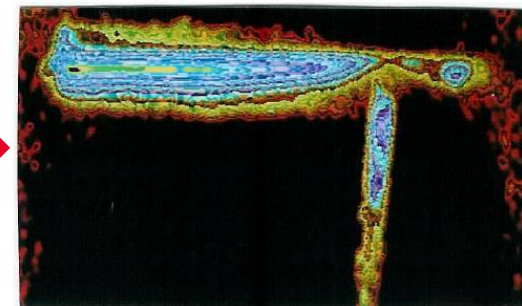


PhD Blade tip **vortex** noise ... 1994



Vortex

Impeller blade

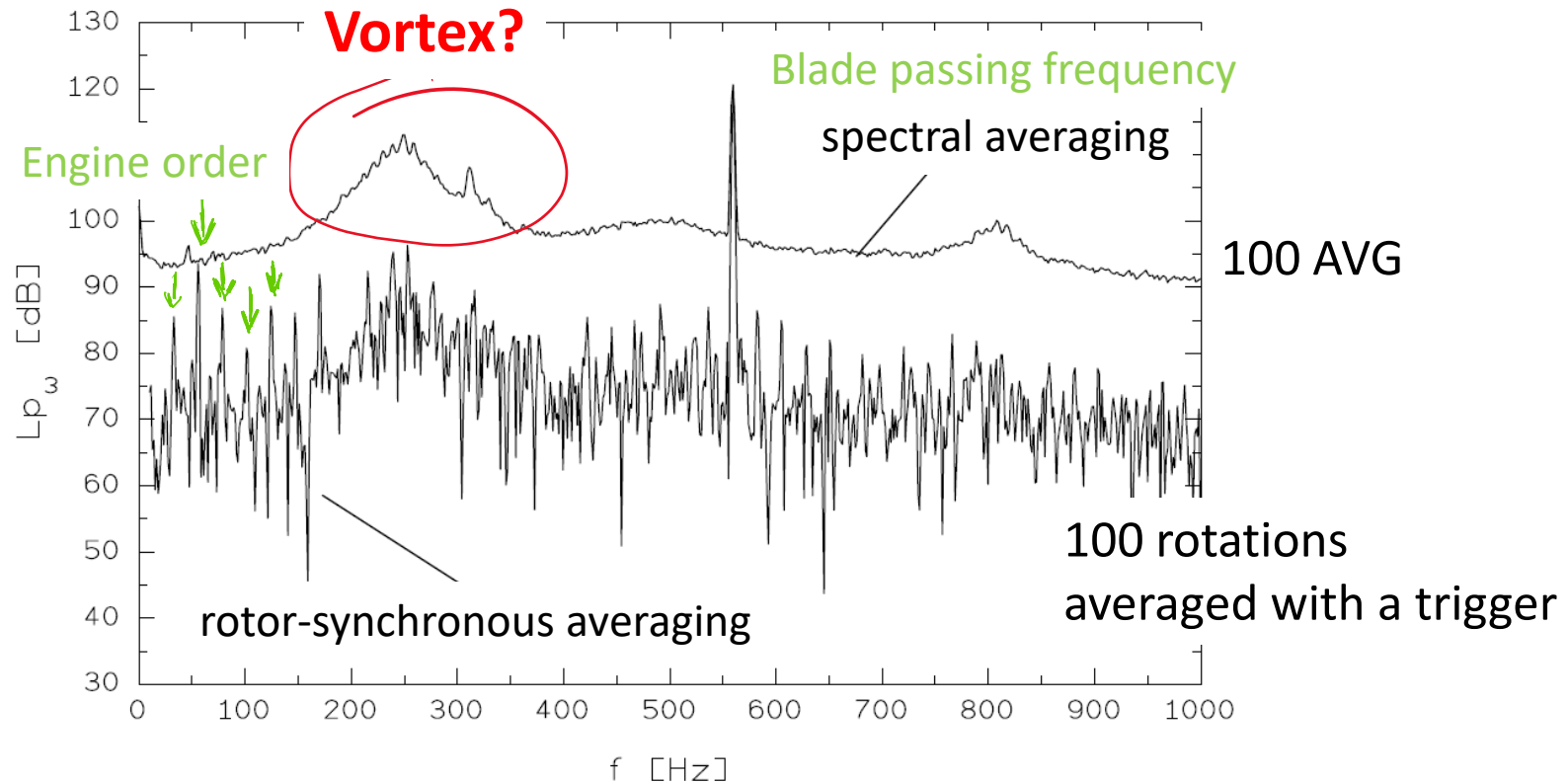


Vortex

Impeller blade

Only rotor-synchronous visualisation available

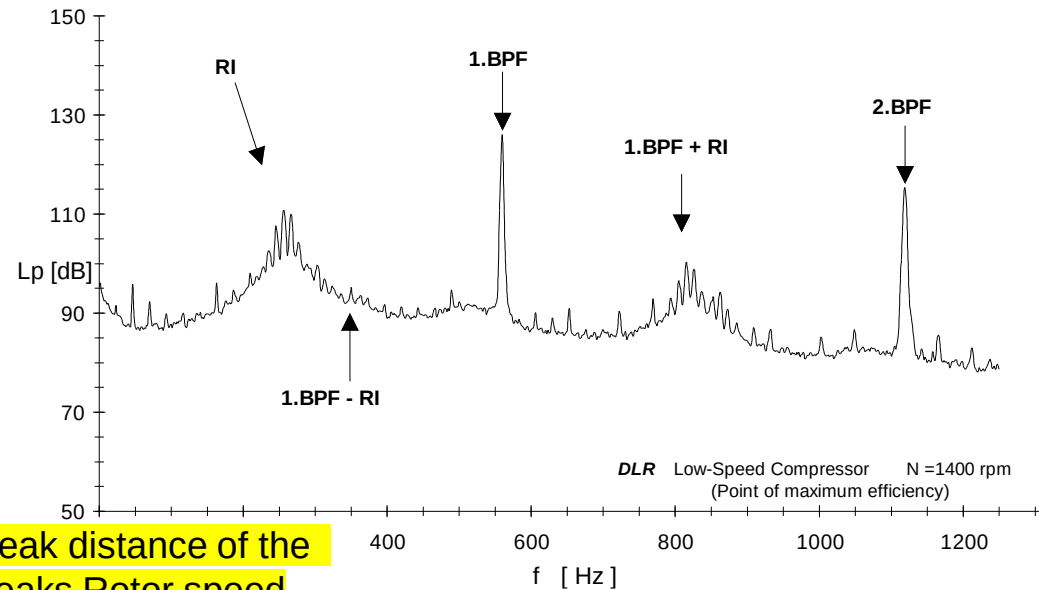
[http://stroemungsakustik.de/old.mv.fh-duesseldorf.de/d\\_pers/Kameier\\_Frank/c\\_veroeffentlichungen/Dissertation\\_kameier220405d.pdf](http://stroemungsakustik.de/old.mv.fh-duesseldorf.de/d_pers/Kameier_Frank/c_veroeffentlichungen/Dissertation_kameier220405d.pdf)



**Bild 3-35:** Vergleich der Spektraldichtepegel der Wanddruckschwankungen für verschiedene Mittelungsarten,  $\zeta=-0.007$ ,  $\tau=0.0053$ ,  $\Phi/\Phi_{\text{Opt.}}=0.93$ ,  $n=1400$  U/min.

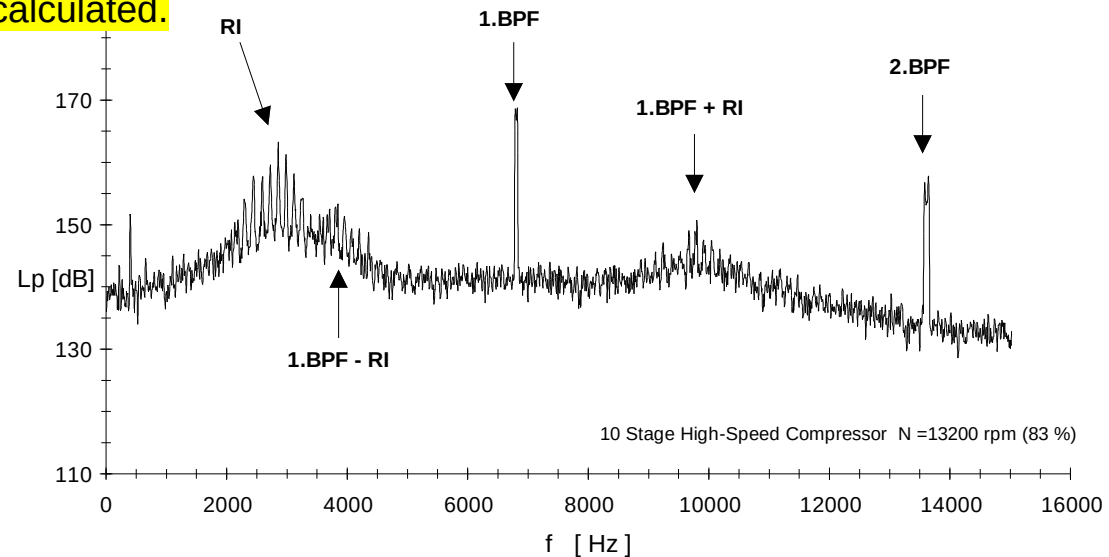
[http://stroemungsakustik.de/old.mv.fh-duesseldorf.de/d\\_pers/Kameier\\_Frank/c\\_veroeffentlichungen/Dissertation\\_kameier220405d.pdf](http://stroemungsakustik.de/old.mv.fh-duesseldorf.de/d_pers/Kameier_Frank/c_veroeffentlichungen/Dissertation_kameier220405d.pdf)

Blower 1200 1/min  
(Tip clearance effect)



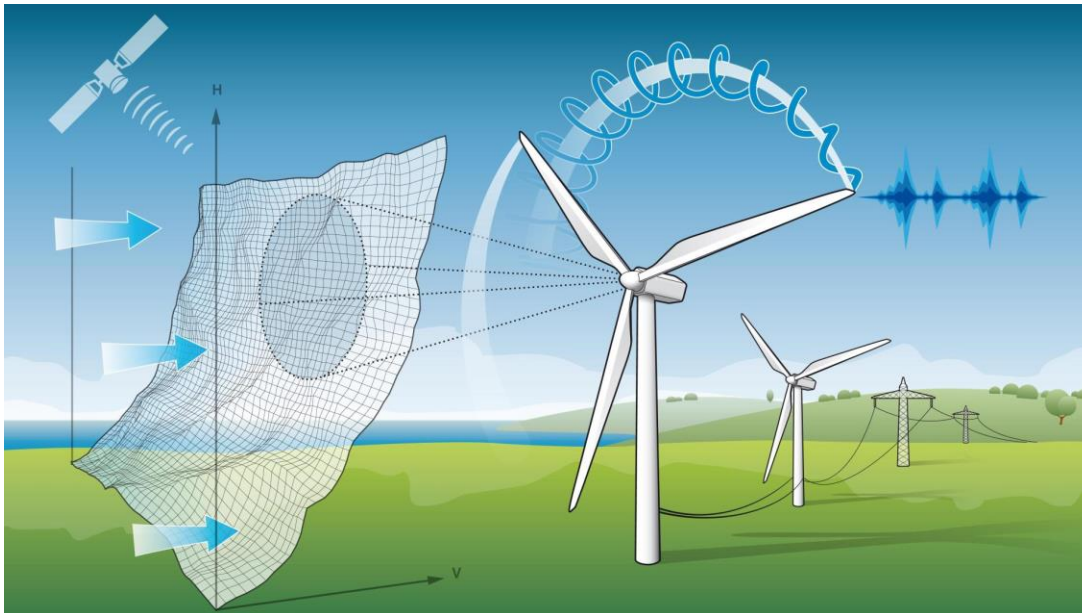
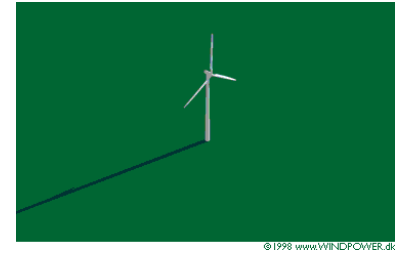
With the peak distance of the  
Doppler-peaks Rotor speed  
Could be calculated.

High-pressure compressor  
13200 RPM  
(Overload  
with negative incidence)



Baumgartner et al. 1995

... origin of a research idea 2022



<https://www.dlr.de/content/de/artikel/energie/forschungsthemen/windenergie.html>



## Blade tip vortex



FOTO: TOM MENZEL

56

DHV-info 199

[www.dhv.de](http://www.dhv.de)



Multi-Copter and smoke generator placed on a rope

**Duesseldorf**  
University of Applied Sciences

2023



FOTO: BETINA MENSING

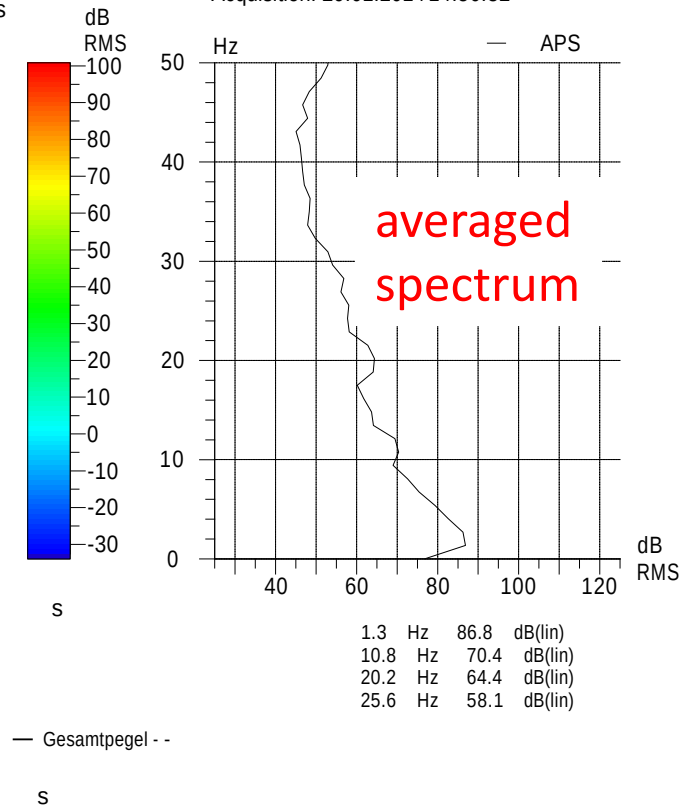
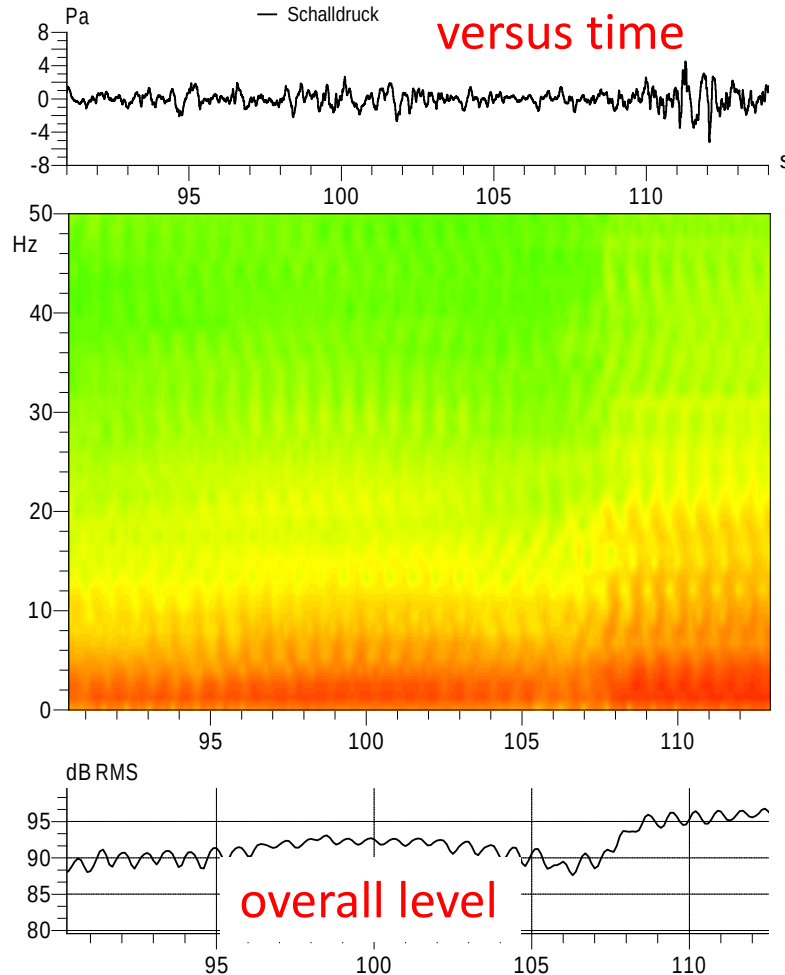
Test-pilot in the lee of the wind turbine



# Sound pressure versus time – measurement (distance 100 m)

Akustische und schwingungstechnische Vermessung einer WKA  
PAK-MKII - Freifeld

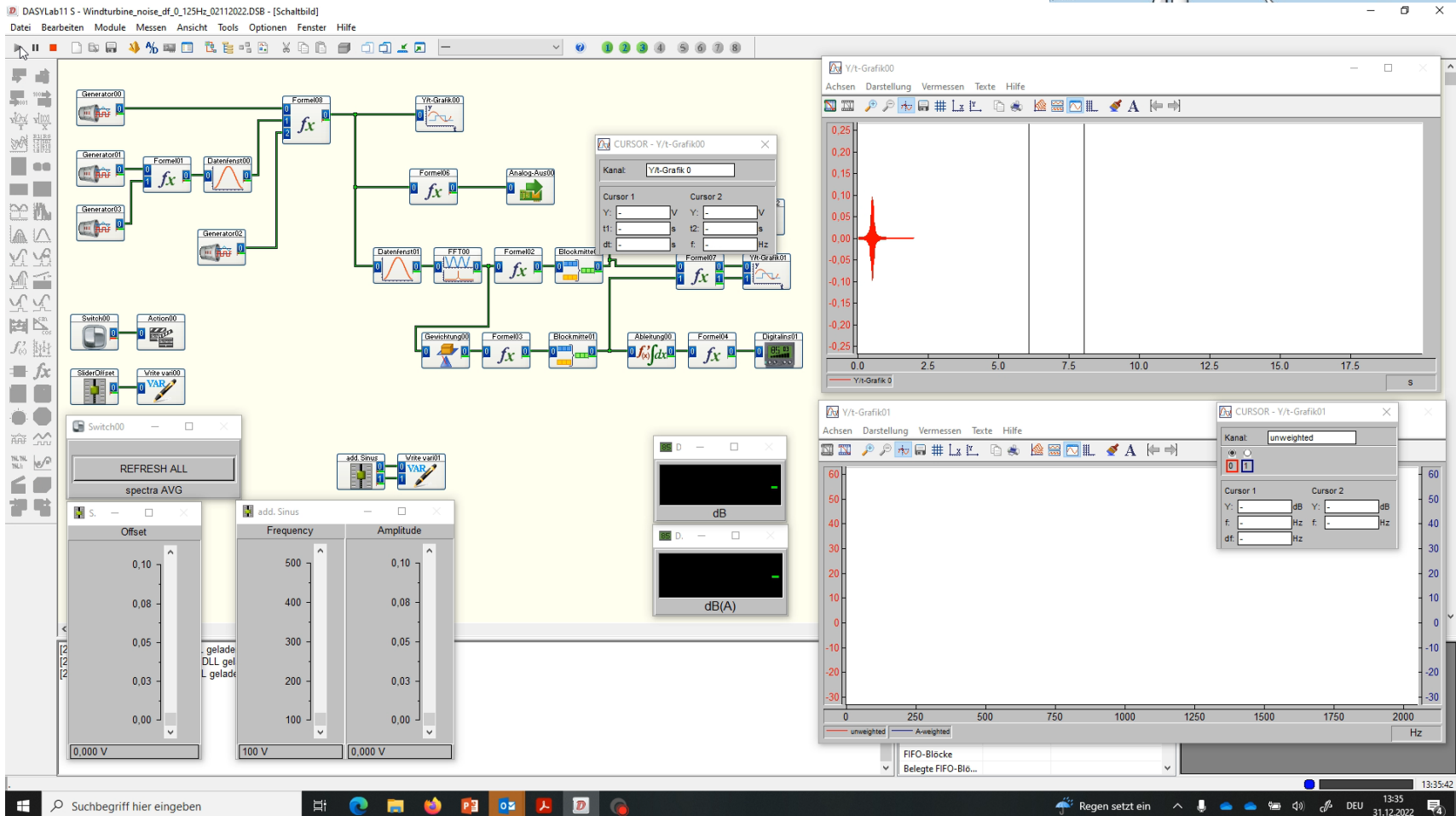
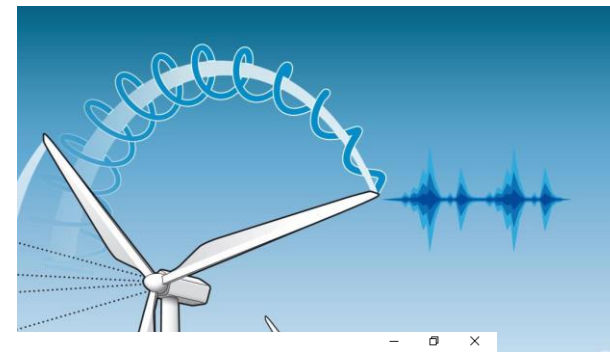
**HS**  
Hochschule Düsseldorf



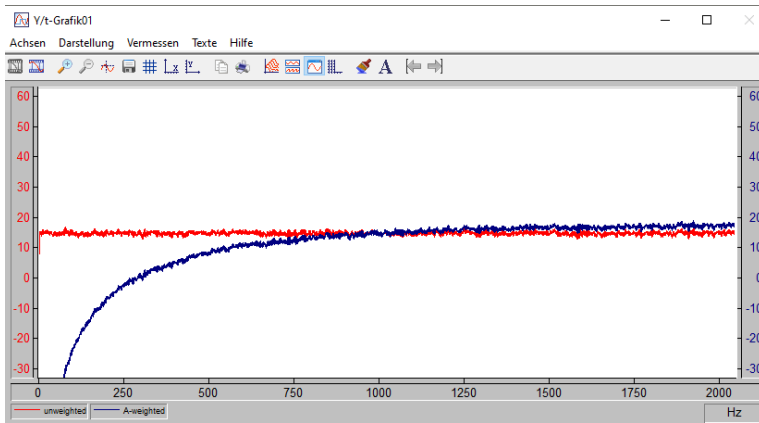
PAK 5.10 www.muellerbbm-vas.de

kameier 07.02.2023 10:29:31 h

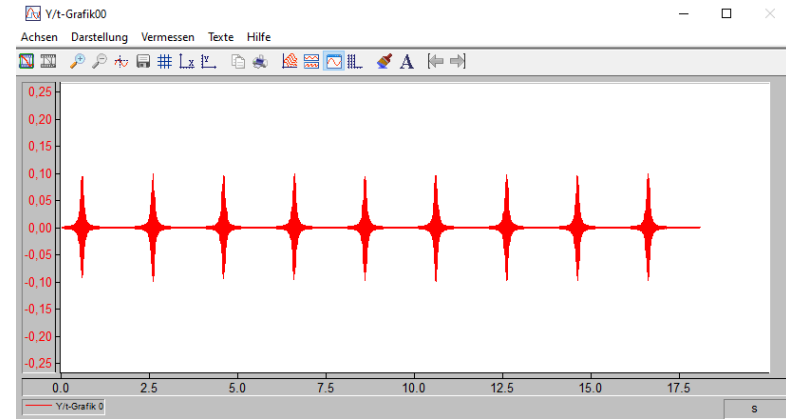
# Simulation of the noise of a wind turbine – modulation of the amplitudes of a white noise



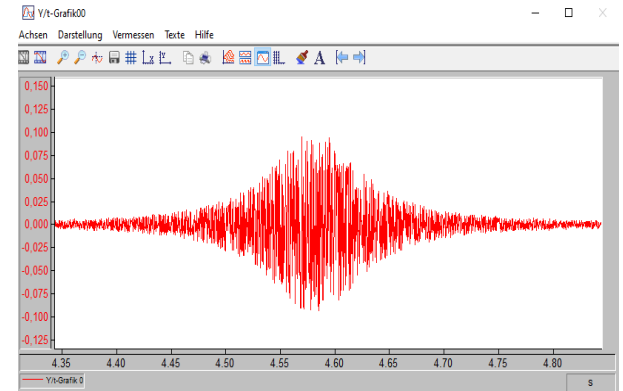
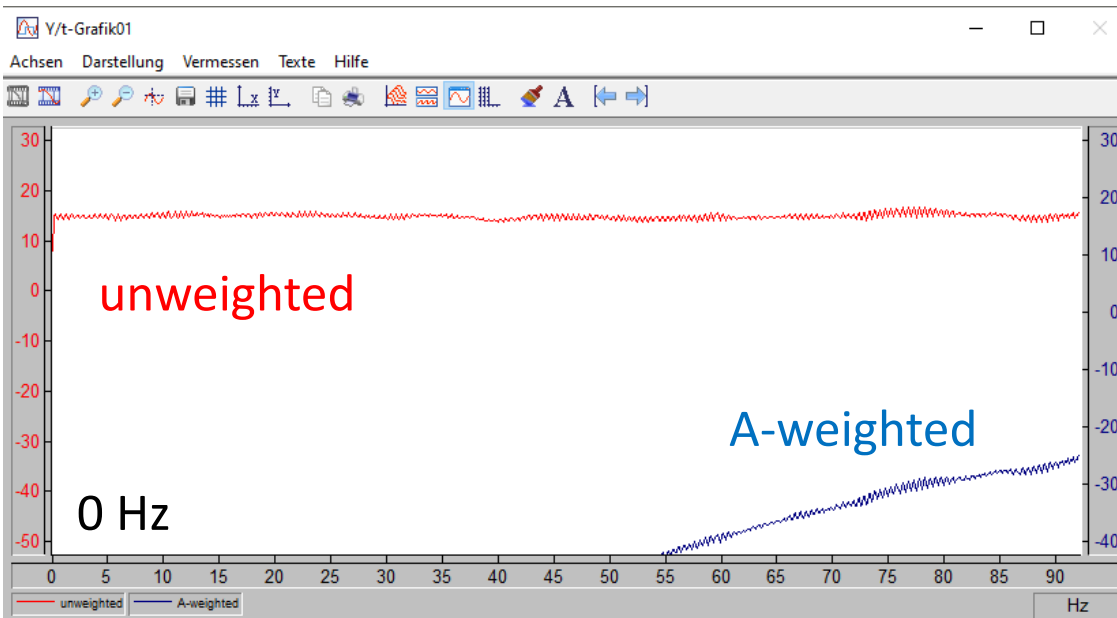




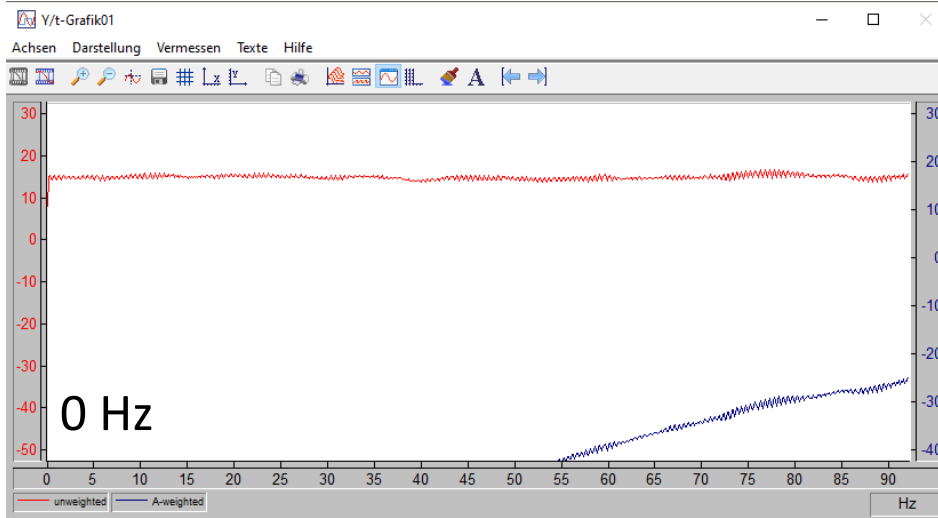
0 Hz 2000 Hz  
spectra – with several averages ...



variation in time

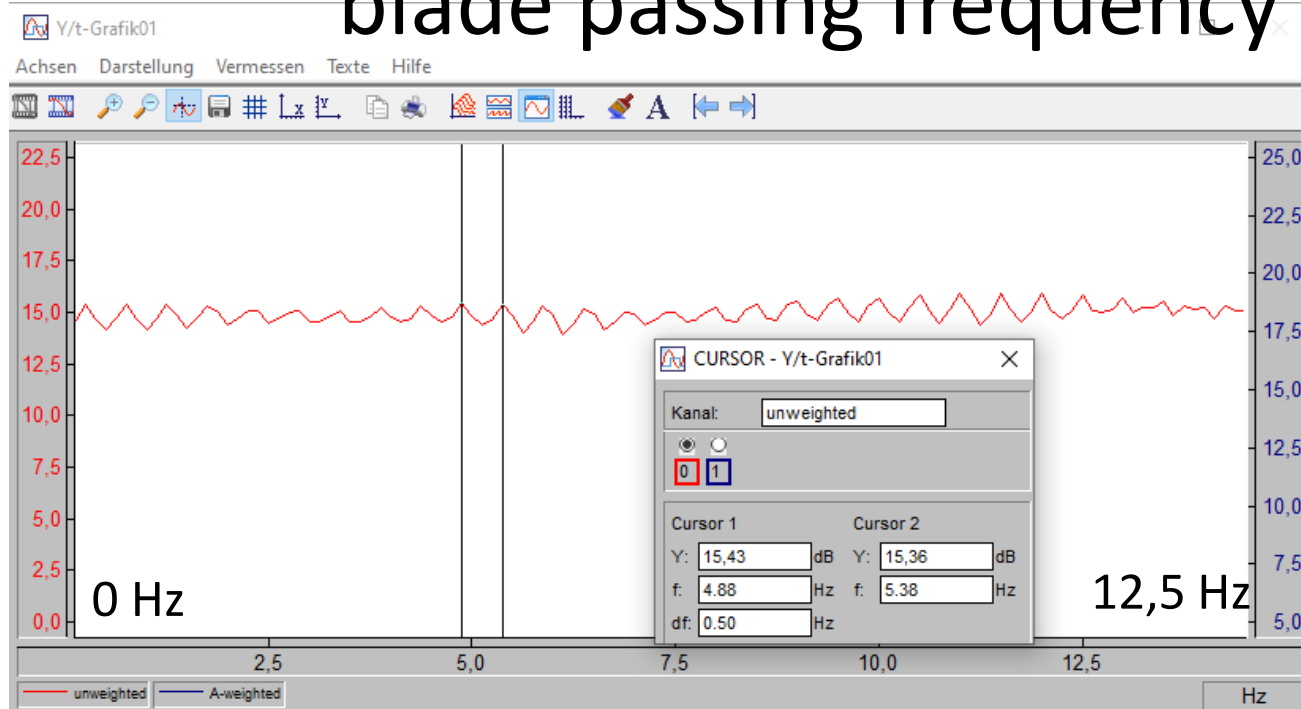


90 Hz



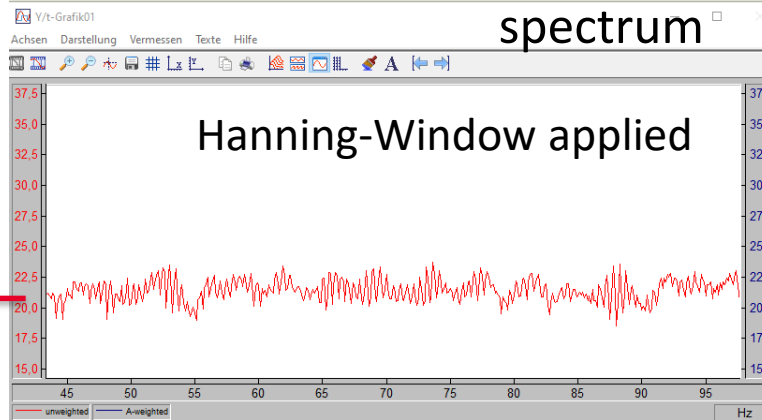
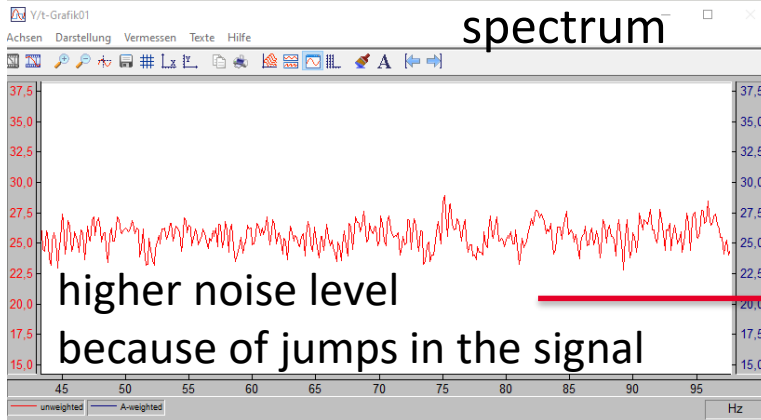
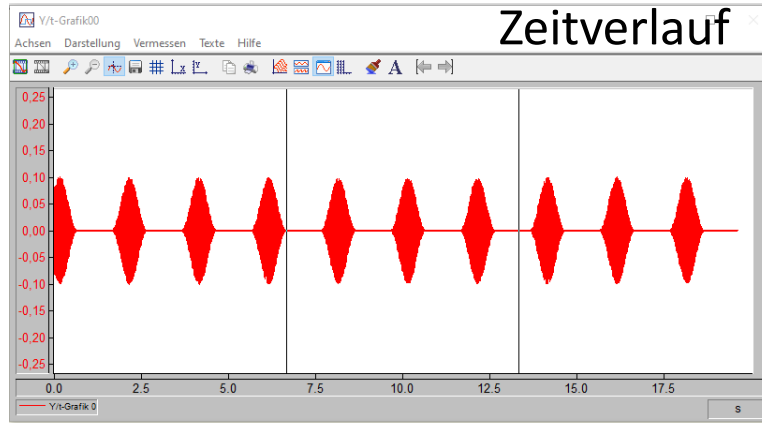
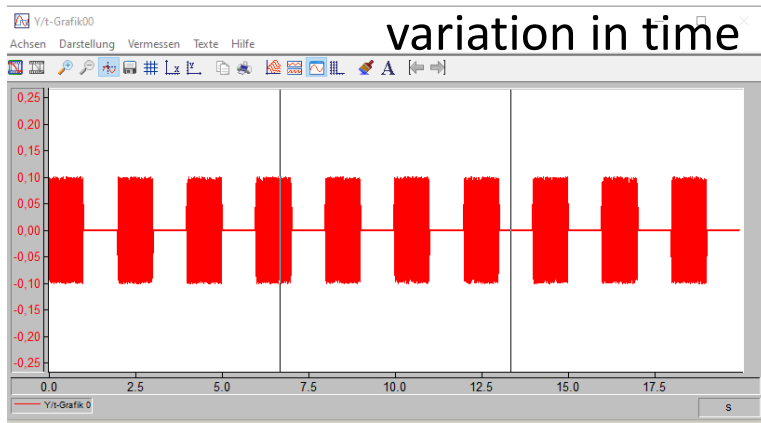
90 Hz

blade passing frequency 0,5 Hz



12,5 Hz

# Window- or smoothing-influence



45 Hz

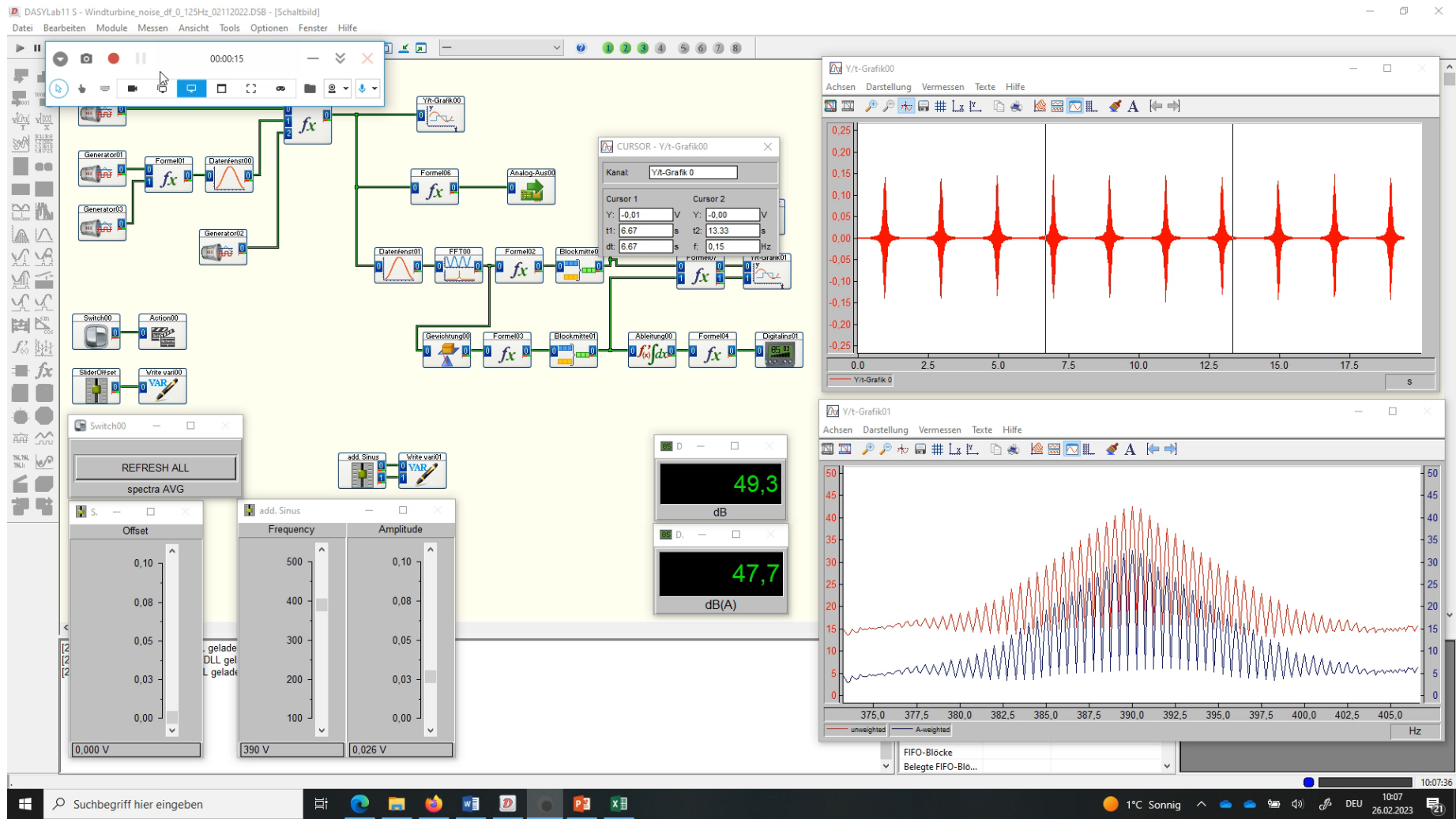
95 Hz

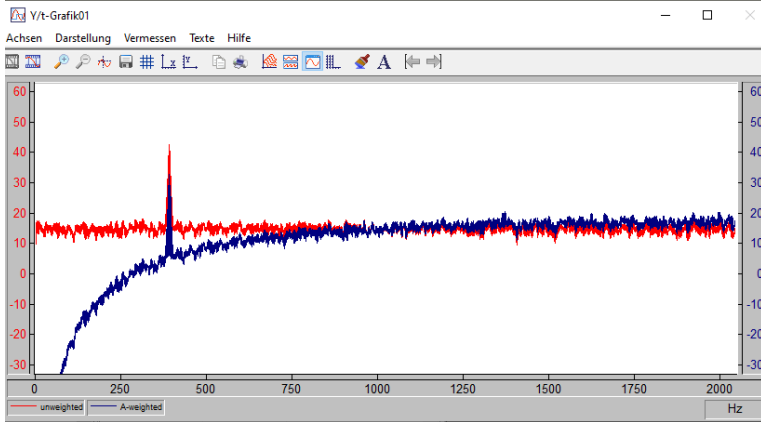
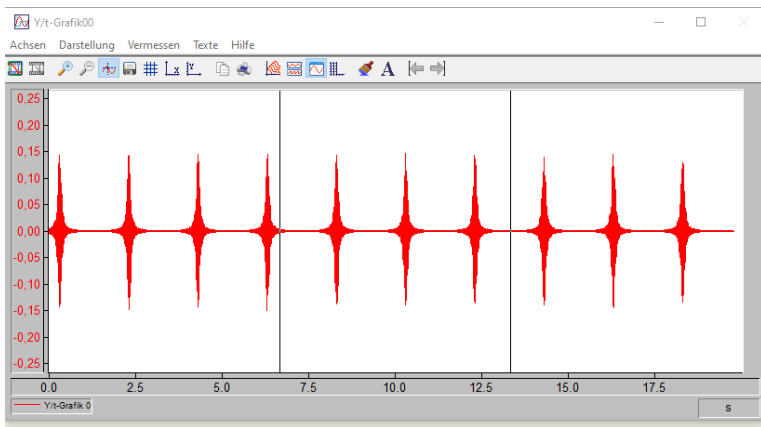
45 Hz

95 Hz

Modulation – with/without windowing – not dominant visible

# Modulation with a single frequency component





0 Hz

2000 Hz

# Modulation – single frequency

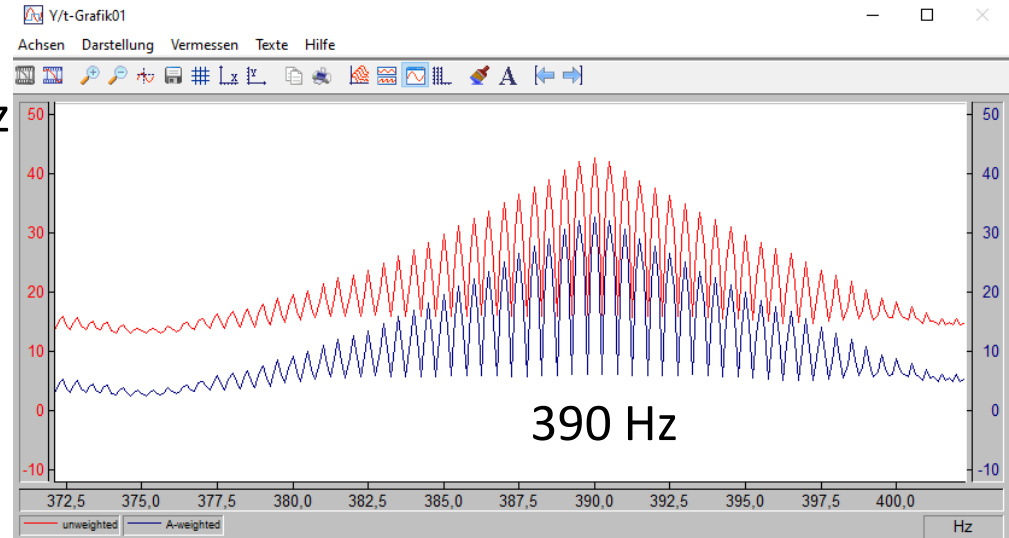
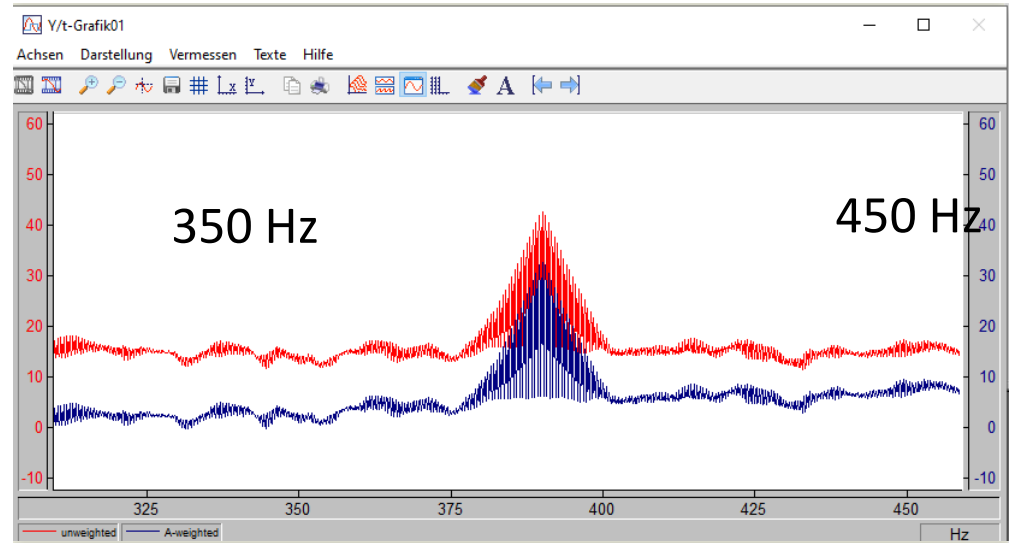
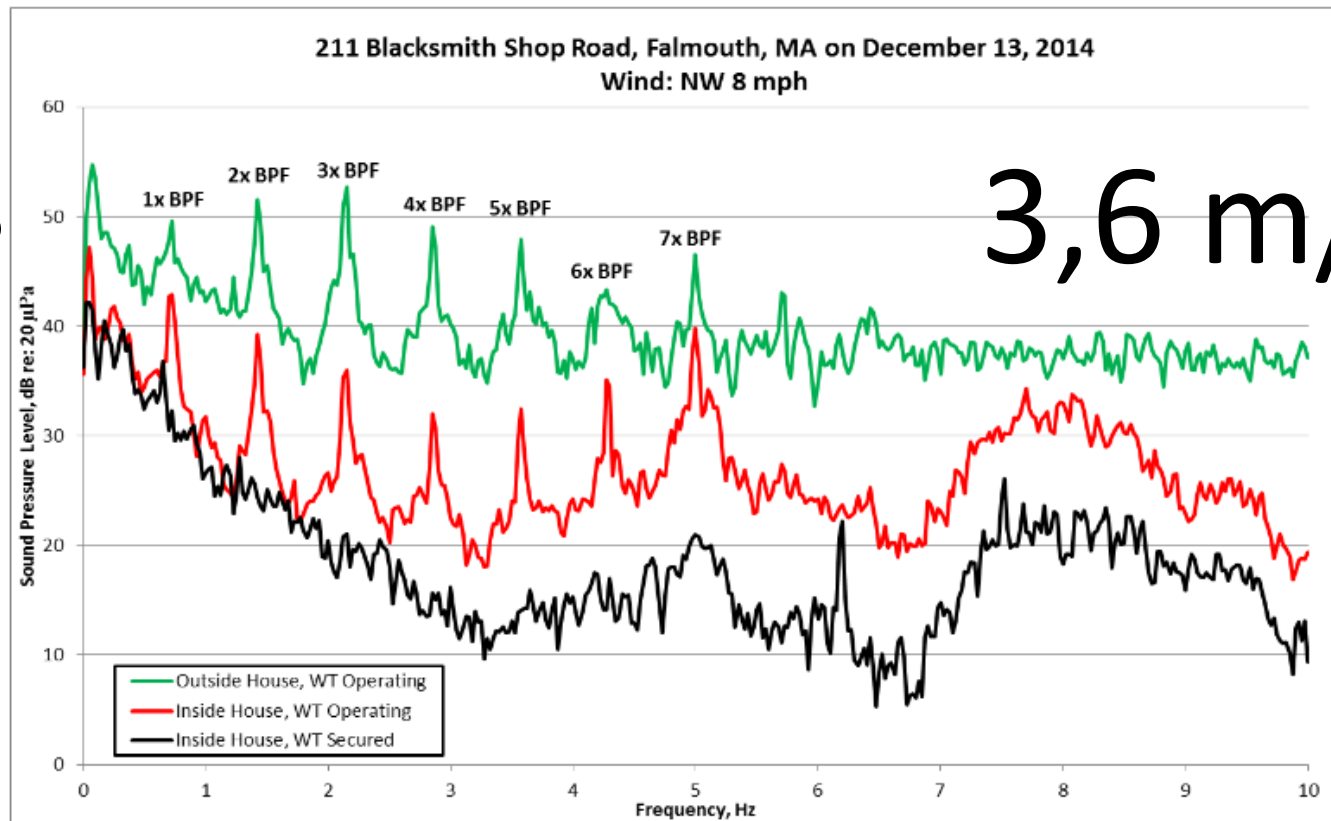


FIGURE 4

Extreme low incident flow velocity!



Infrasound Measurements of Falmouth Wind Turbines

Wind #1 and Wind #2

Michael Bahtiarian, INCE Bd. Cert.

Allan Beaudry

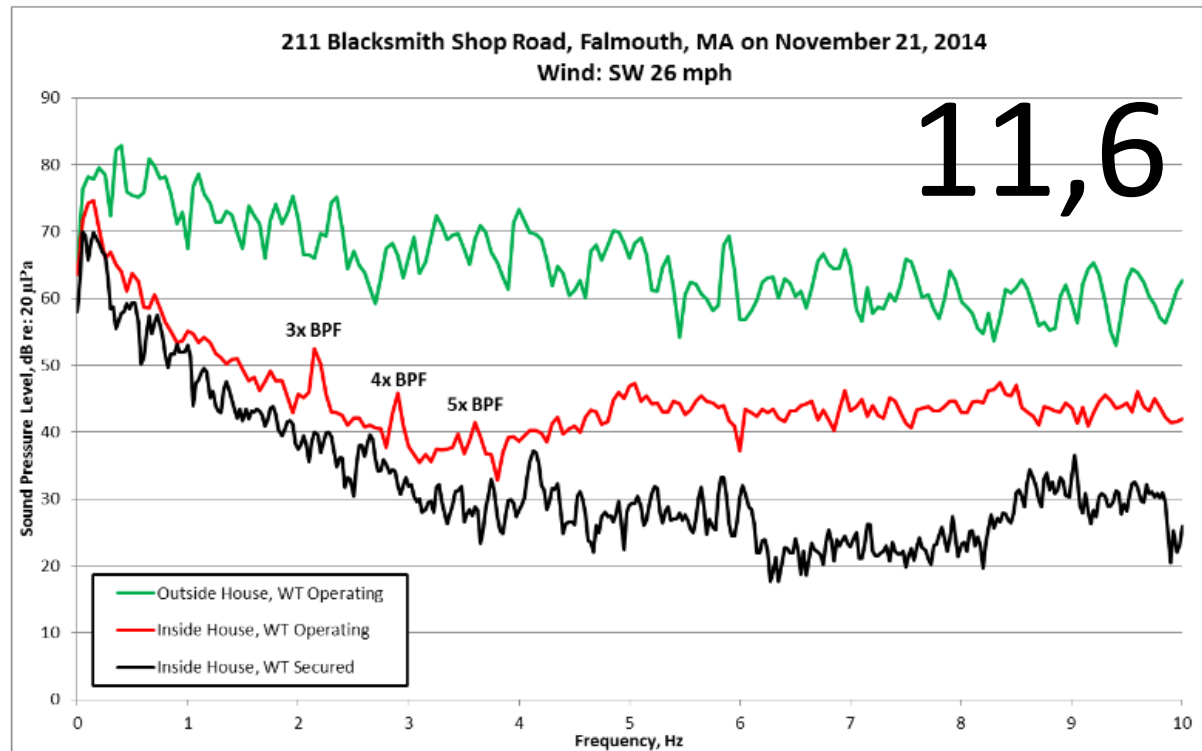
February 27, 2015

<https://www.edockets.state.mn.us/EFiling/edockets/searchDocuments.do?method=showPoup&documentId=%7B30F8E75E-0000-CD1E-88E8-0966487DEEBF%7D&documentTitle=201710-136092-01>



Heavy incident flow velocity!

FIGURE 3



80dB

11,6 m/s

Infrasound Measurements of Falmouth Wind Turbines

Wind #1 and Wind #2

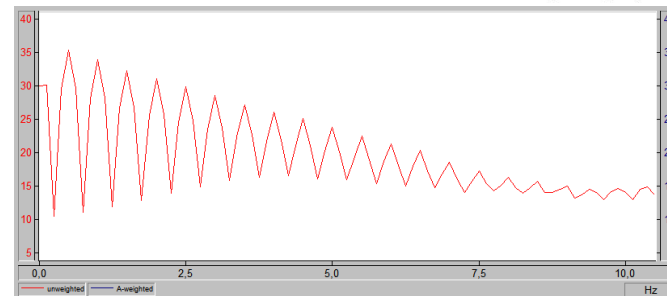
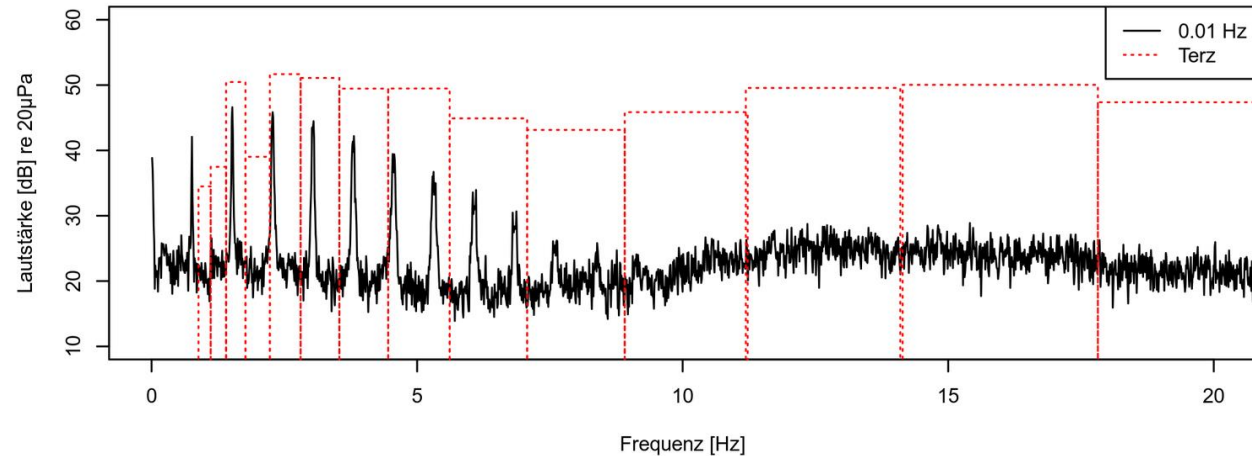
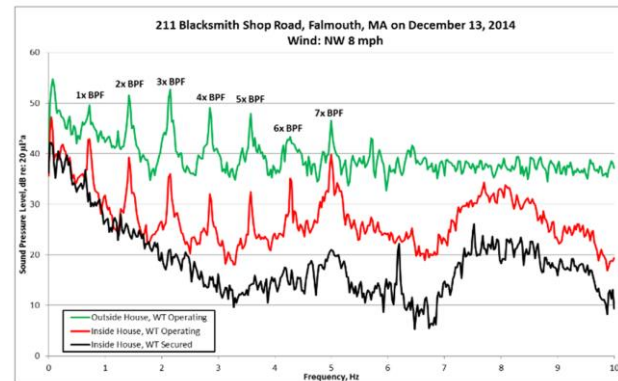
Michael Bahtiarian, INCE Bd. Cert.

Allan Beaudry

February 27, 2015

<https://www.edockets.state.mn.us/EFiling/edockets/searchDocuments.do?method=showPoup&documentId=%7B30F8E75E-0000-CD1E-88E8-0966487DEEBF%7D&documentTitle=201710-136092-01>

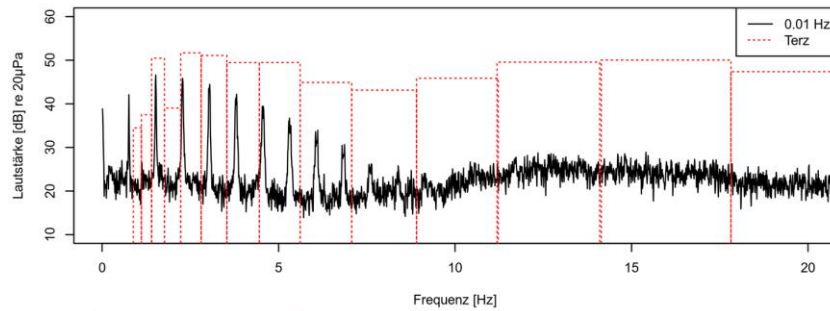
FIGURE 4



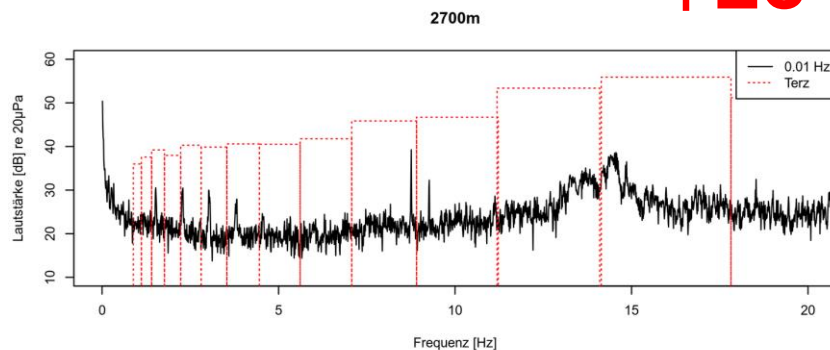
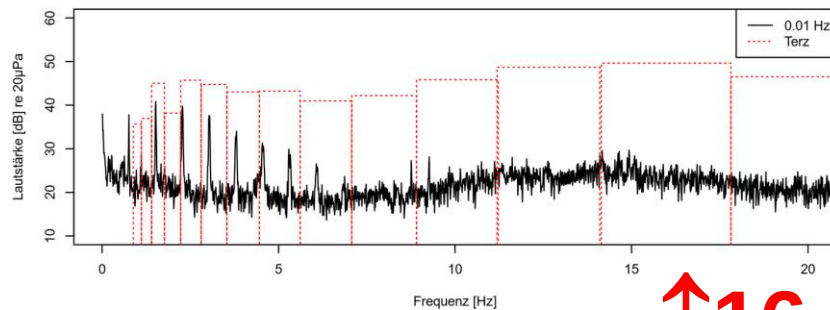
Measurements USA

Measurements  
Germany  
Holzheu,  
Uni Bayreuth

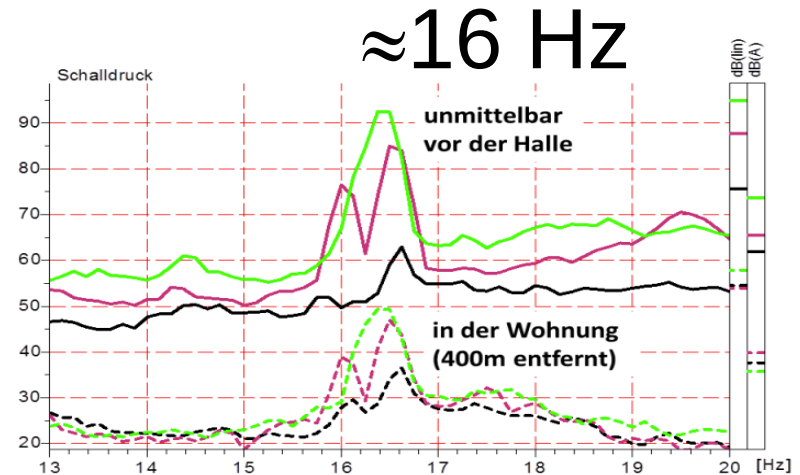
Simulation



Different distances

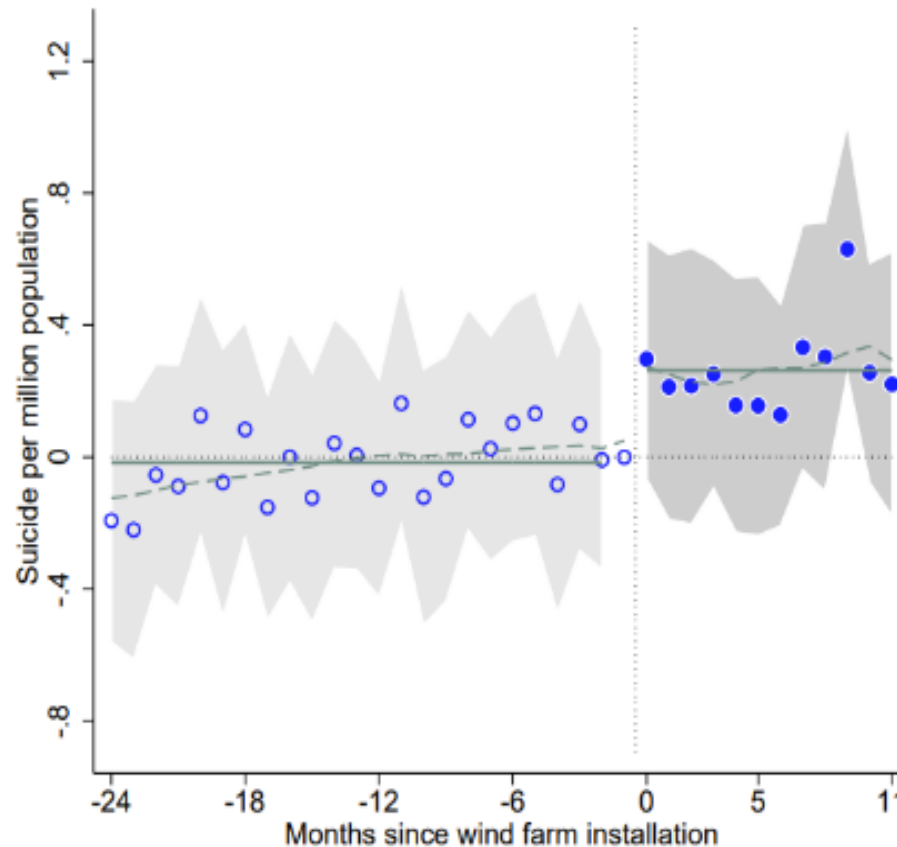


↑16 Hz



... humans are reacting sensible

Figure 4: Event Study: Suicide



*Notes:* Graph plots suicide rate (per million population) by months relative to wind farm installation month, using all installation events from 2001-2013. The estimation uses a balanced panel of counties from 24 months before to 12 months after wind farm installations. The month immediately before the installation is the omitted category. The regression is weighted by county $\times$ year population and is conditional on 12 month-of-year dummies. Dots show monthly point estimates. Solid lines show before vs. after averages of the point estimates. Dashed lines show lowess smooth of monthly point estimates. Shades show 95% confidence interval constructed using standard errors clustered at the wind farm level.

# Physical model ... with open questions

Tragflügel

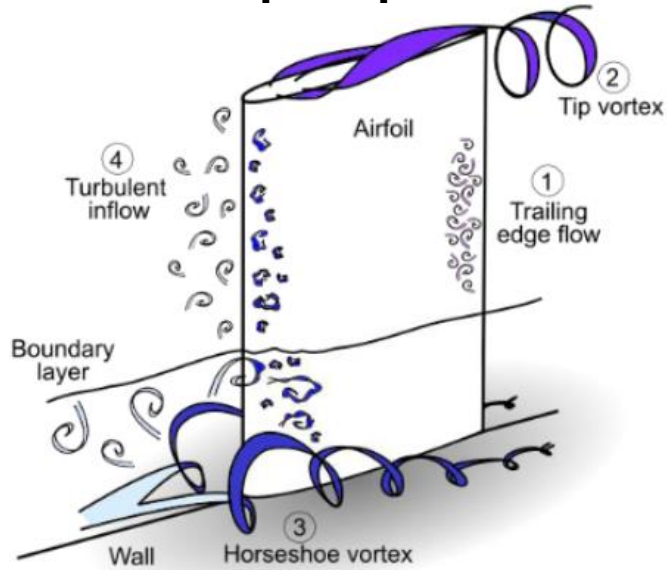
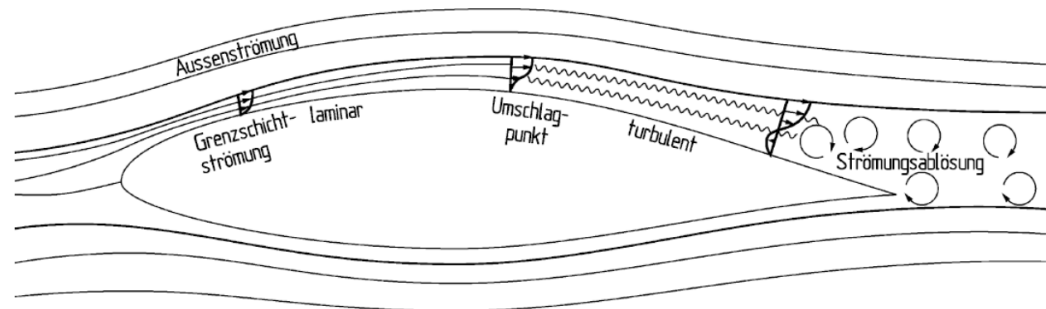


Figure 1: Flow-induced noise mechanisms of a wall-mounted finite length airfoil.

D.J. Moreau, Australia

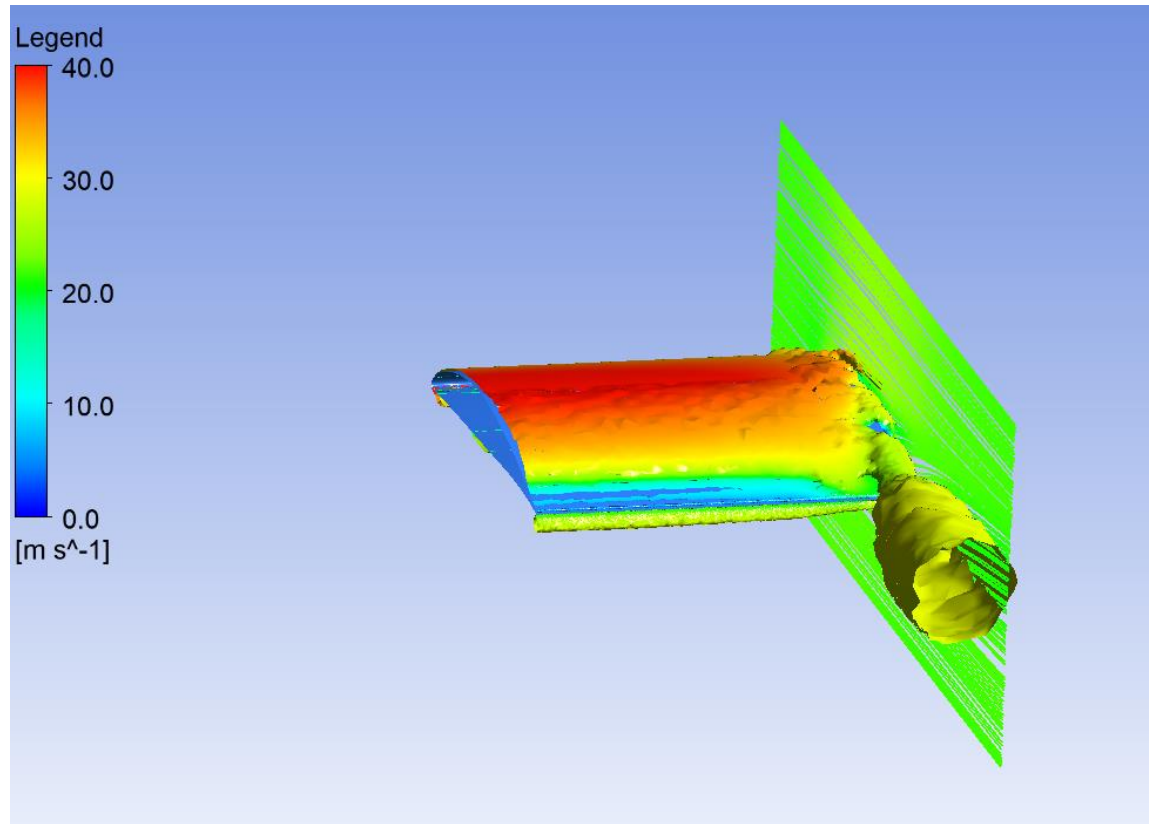
Acoustics 2021

Wind turbine

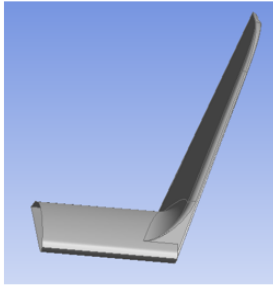


Hau E., Windkraftanlagen, 1988

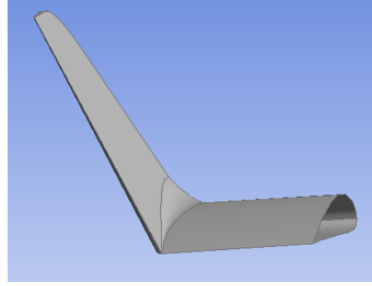
# CFD on an airfoil (3rd semester Fluid Mechanics)



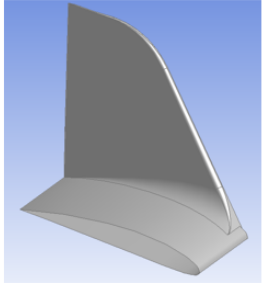
Vorderansicht



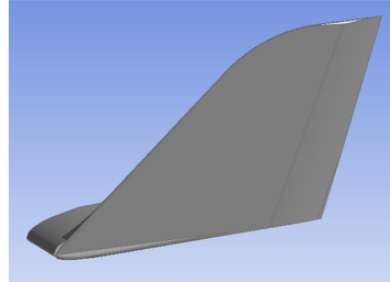
Rückansicht



Seitenansicht von links

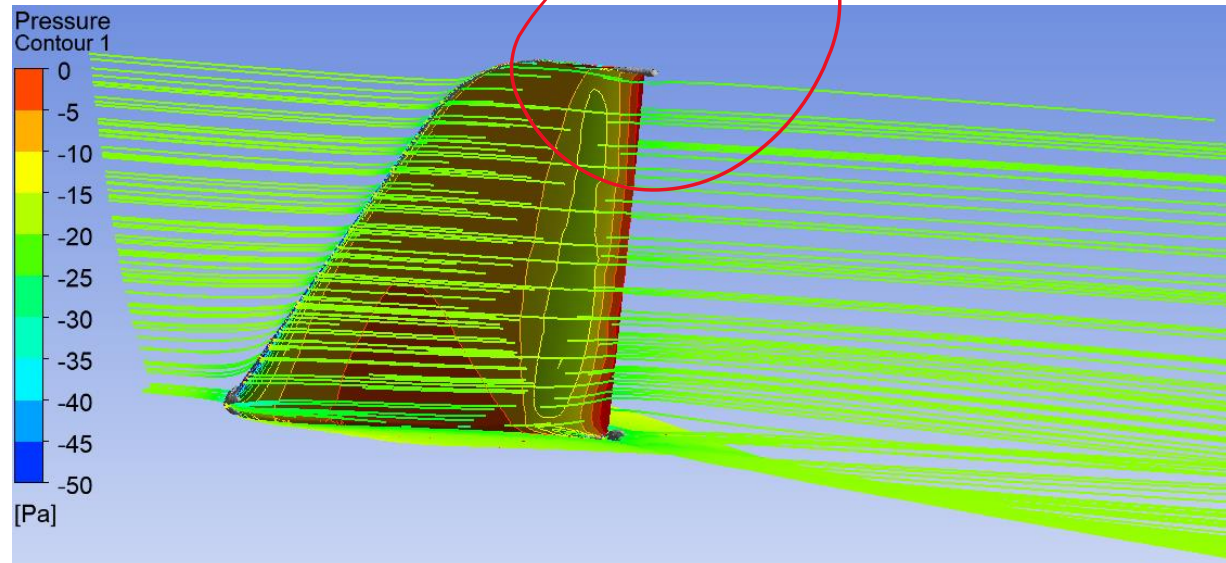
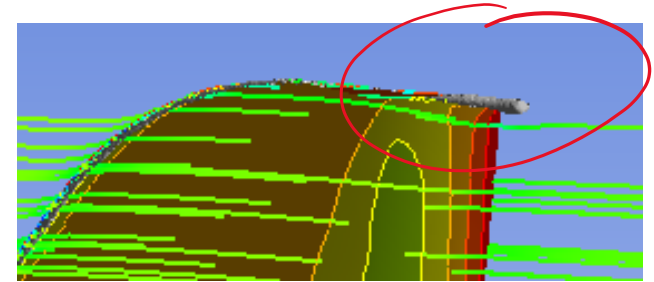


Seitenansicht von rechts



# Winglet

- small vortex



3rd semester  
practical course  
in  
Fluid Mechanics

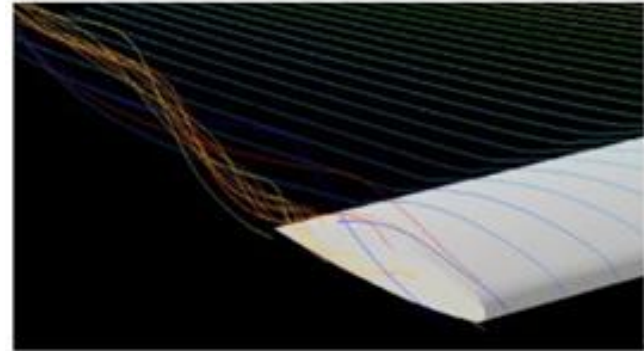
Niklas Uebbing



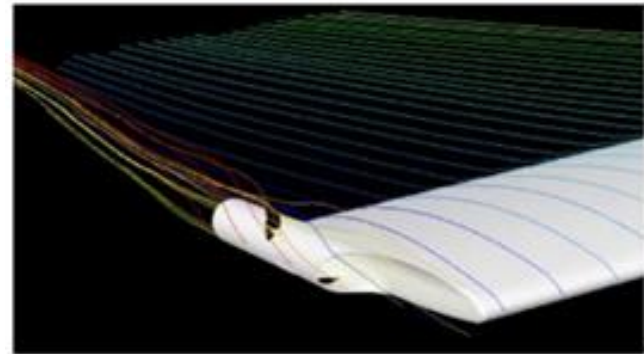
MINIX - french idea – Patent WO02083497 (A1) — 2002-10-24 – 20 years old = open for everyone



[https://www.minix.fr/english/sub\\_shows.php?im=../images/expos/2009/le\\_bourget/06.jpg](https://www.minix.fr/english/sub_shows.php?im=../images/expos/2009/le_bourget/06.jpg)

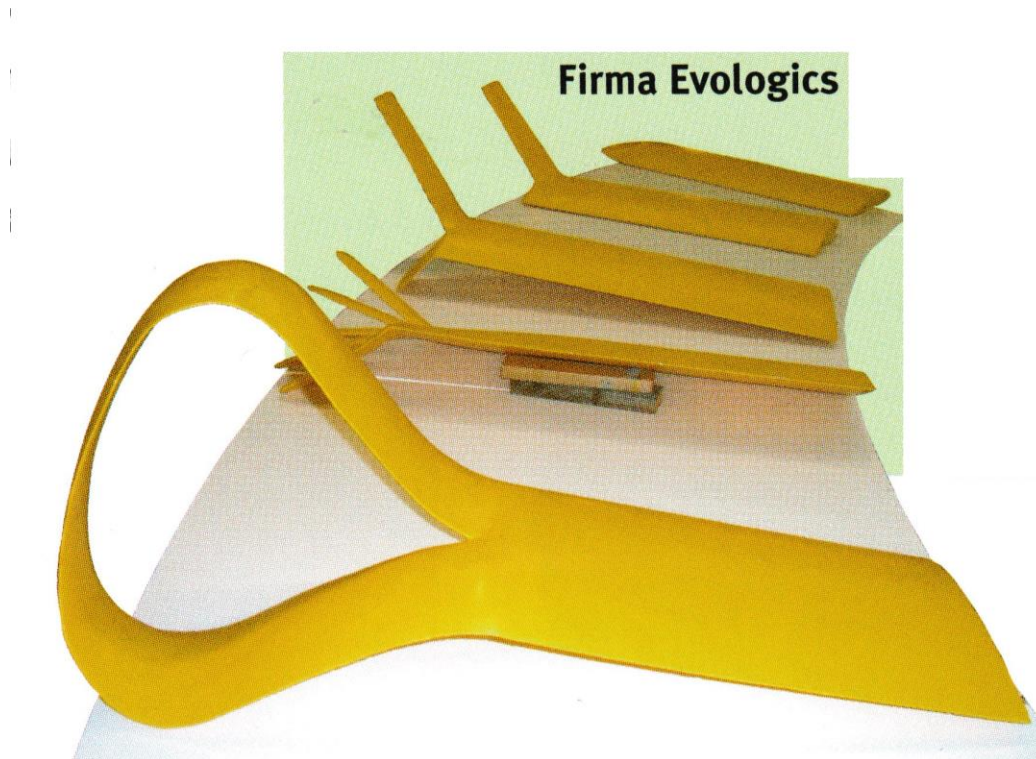


Above: regular wing tip showing turbulent vortices



[https://www.minix.fr/english/minix\\_and\\_wind\\_turbines-results.php](https://www.minix.fr/english/minix_and_wind_turbines-results.php)

[https://worldwide.espacenet.com/publicationDetails/biblio?I1=0&ND=3&adjacent=true&locale=de\\_EP&FT=D&date=20021024&CC=WO&NR=02083497A1&KC=A1#](https://worldwide.espacenet.com/publicationDetails/biblio?I1=0&ND=3&adjacent=true&locale=de_EP&FT=D&date=20021024&CC=WO&NR=02083497A1&KC=A1#)

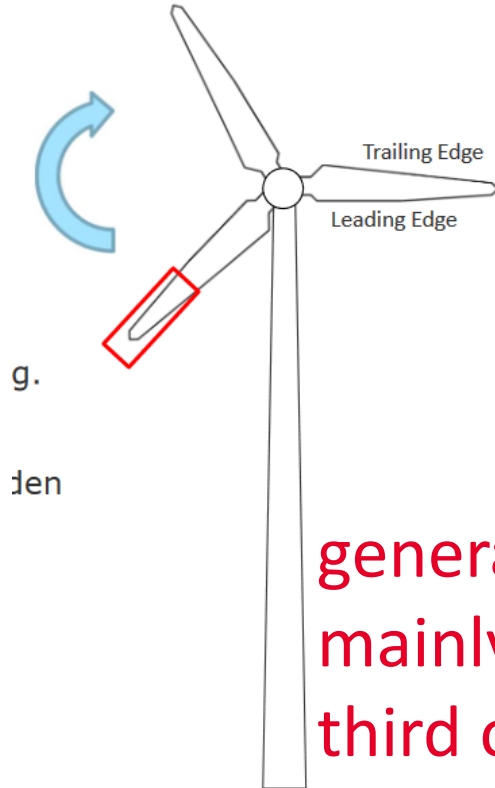


Bionik – was ist was – 2006

Children book!

Serrations here: leading ...

additional kinetic energy  
is able to reduce  
flow separation



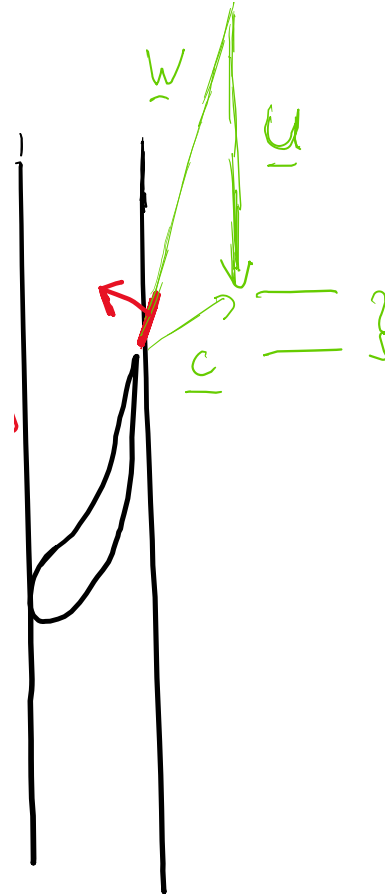
generation of noise  
mainly in the outer  
third of the blade (???)



risk of flow  
separation

[https://windenergietae.de/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2017/11/26WT0811\\_F7\\_0935\\_1\\_TES\\_DNVGL.pdf](https://windenergietae.de/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2017/11/26WT0811_F7_0935_1_TES_DNVGL.pdf)

more  
redirection  
increases  $c_{2u}$



negative twist

$$Y = U(\cancel{C_{1u}} - C_{2u})^0$$

# Future versus today

## Energy

### electric

- **conversion**
- **generation (?)**
- **production (?)**

Energiequelle Strömung: Wind, Wasser, Wellen

## 2021: Harbour of Hafen Rotterdam

GE Renewable Energy,  
HaliadeX,  
12 MW,  
107m blade length = 214m in diameter



Photo: GE Renewable Energy



18 km

23 km

Insgesamt 140 Windkraftanlagen  
mit je knapp 11 MW-Leistung  
will das schwedische  
Unternehmen Vattenfall rund 18  
km vor der Küste installieren.  
Siemens Gamesa Ø 200m  
<https://www.energate-messenger.de/news/213546/baubeginn-beim-weltweit-groessten-offshore-windpark>

18 km

23 km

43 stuks  
Type: Vestas V112  
Ashoogte: 81 meter  
Bladlengte: 55 meter  
Vermogen: 3 MegaWatt  
<https://www.eneco.nl/over-ons/wat-we-doen/duurzame-bronnen/windpark-eneco-luchterduinen/>



Frank Kameier 06/2022  
stroemungsakustik.de

## Offshore

CSSC Haizhuang Wind Power mit 18 MW, Ø 260 m (?)

China Three Gorges Corp: 16 MW, Ø 252 m

Vestas V236 mit 15 MW, Ø 231 m

Siemens-Gamesa SG 14-236 mit 15 MW, Ø 236 m(?)

MingYang Smart Energy, MySE 16.0-242 i, 16 MW, Ø 242 m

Goldwind, 13,6 MW, Ø 252 m

*Limits?*

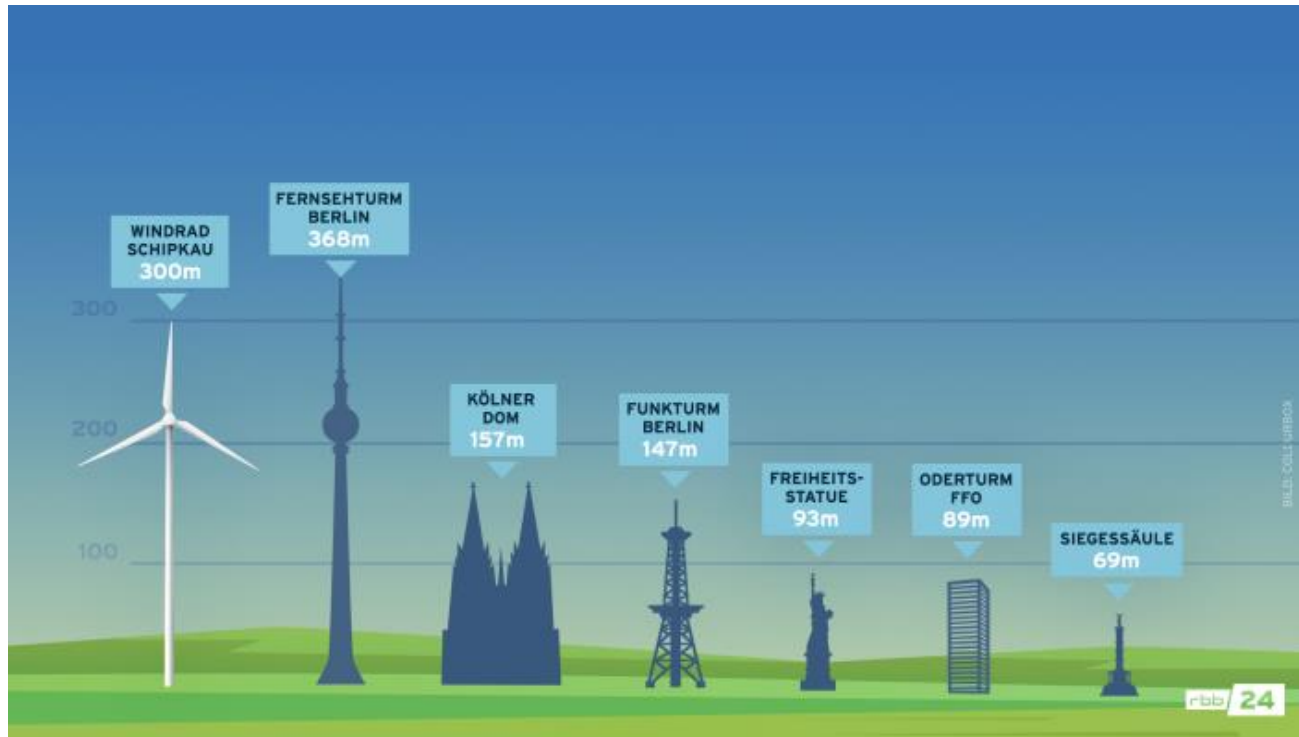
## Onshore

Up to 7,2 MW and diameter of more than 170 meter

... without guarantee, the internet information is not really precise and many prototypes and projects are in planning ...



... challenge for the largest turbine in 2023 ...

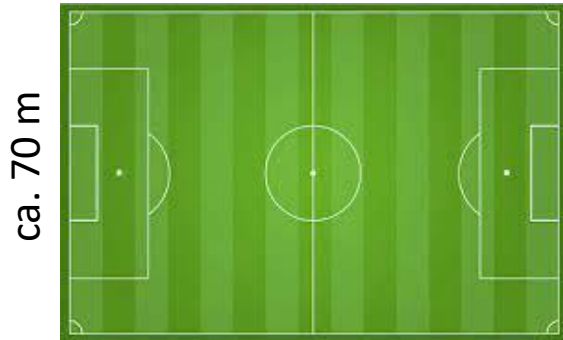


Overall height 300m, hub height app. 240m, rotor diameter 120m  
80% or 40% more wind because of the height – different given values found

<https://www.rbb24.de/studiocottbus/panorama/2022/05/300-meter-windrad-schipkau-vorbereitungen.html>

Rotating „fooball fields“

ca. 105 m



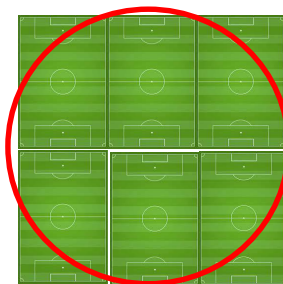
7350 m<sup>2</sup>



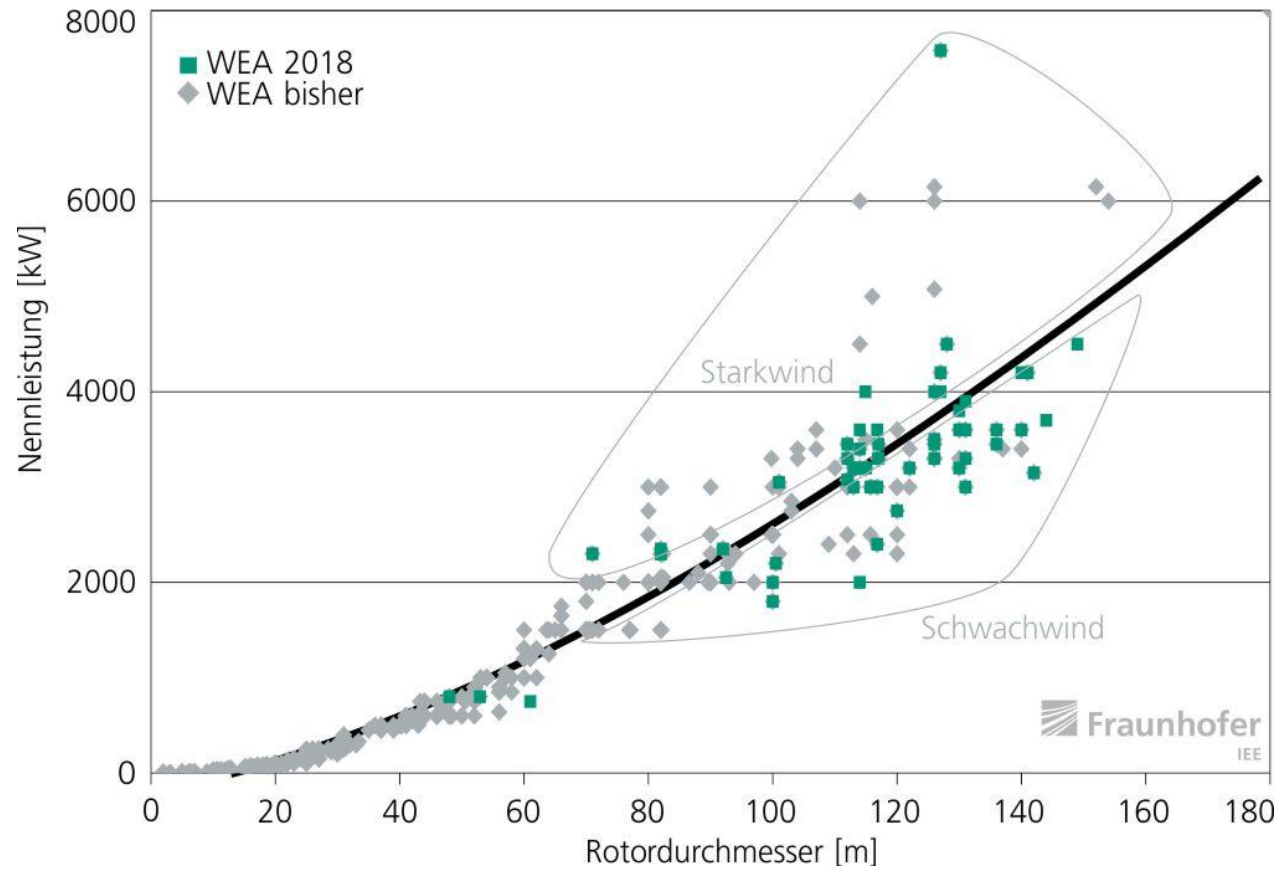
[https://www.igwindkraft.at/?mdoc\\_id=1048852](https://www.igwindkraft.at/?mdoc_id=1048852)

Wind turbine    Ø120m    Ø 220m    Ø 260m

Results to        1,5        5        7        football fields



# Trend 2018 +



[https://windmonitor.iese.fraunhofer.de/windmonitor\\_de/3\\_Onshore/2\\_technik/4\\_anlagengroesse/](https://windmonitor.iese.fraunhofer.de/windmonitor_de/3_Onshore/2_technik/4_anlagengroesse/)

# Trend 2018 +

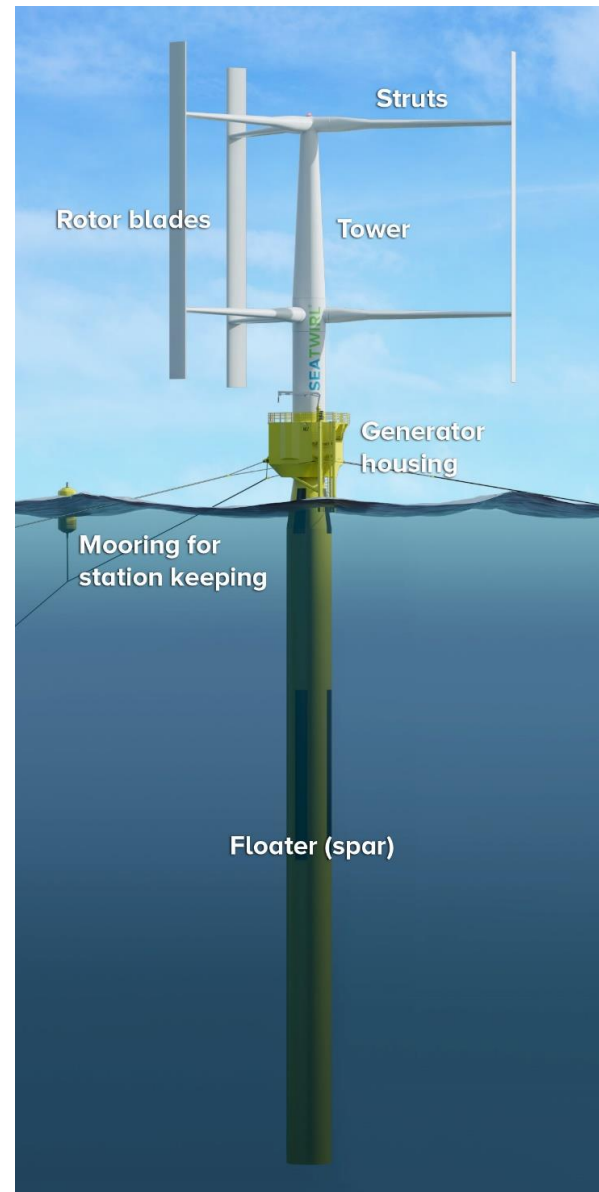
30 kW existing

vision in 2023:

1 MW

... Windpark Norway (?)

<https://seatwirl.com/products/>



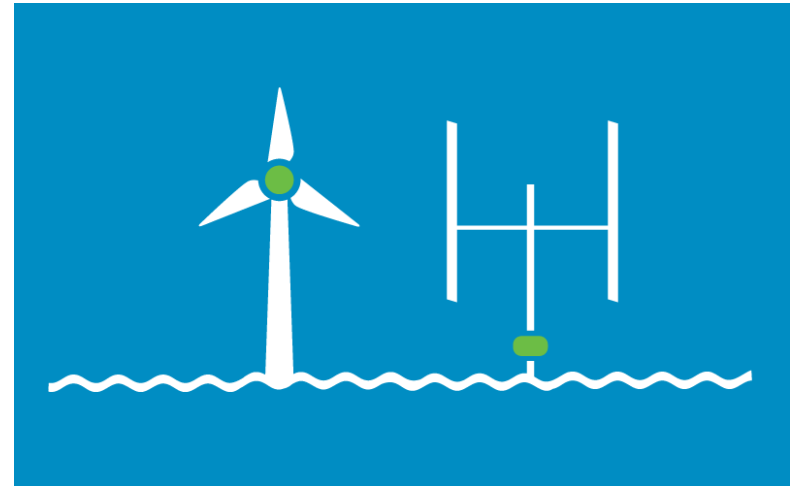
# Trend 2018 +

30 kW existing

vision in 2023:

1 MW

... Windpark Norway (?)



- possible with deep sea conditions,
- Simple maintenance
- direction of the wind plays no role

<https://seatwirl.com/products/>

# Summary / open questions

- **Flow separation shows stochastic behaviour**  
(... only cylinder wake with Kármán vortex street is periodic).
- **The modulation of noise (flow separation) together with a strong periodic component (blade passing frequency) results in a tone for a wind turbine sound**  
(... distributed along the whole frequency range, with low amplitude levels and relevance for infrasound).
- **There is no certain physical model of blade tip (vortex) noise.**



? Not in this way!